

Words at a Glance: Term 2

Week 1	<i>CANT, CHANT - sing</i>	Week 5	<i>MAL - bad</i>
<p>10/19 1. accentuate (v.) - to emphasize or intensify something</p> <p>10/20 2. disenchanted (adj.) - unhappy or frustrated with some thing; disillusioned</p> <p>10/21 3. enchantment (n.) - the state of being charmed as if under a magical spell; fascination</p> <p>10/22 4. incentive (n.) - something that motivates; an inducement</p> <p>10/23 5. recant (v.) - to withdraw or take back a statement or belief; to renounce</p>		<p>11/16 1. malaria (n.) - disease of the blood transmitted by mosquitoes</p> <p>11/17 2. malevolent (adj.) - arising from hatred or spite; hateful or mean</p> <p>11/18 3. malice (n.) - desire or intent to cause pain or injury to someone or their property; cruelty</p> <p>11/19 4. malodorous (adj.) - having a bad odor</p> <p>11/20 5. malpractice (n.) - failure to give proper care which results in injury or loss; negligence</p>	
Week 2	<i>EXTRA - beyond, outside</i>	Week 6	<i>PROT, PROTO - first</i>
<p>10/26 1. extracurricular (adj.) - in addition to academic curriculum; additional</p> <p>10/27 2. extraneous (adj.) - beyond or outside the issue; irrelevant</p> <p>10/28 3. extraordinary (adj.) - going beyond what is customary or usual; exceptional</p> <p>10/29 4. extrapolate (v.) - to predict an unknown value from a known value; to determine by calculation</p> <p>10/30 5. extravagant (adj.) - exceeding limits of reason or extremely expensive; excessive</p>		<p>11/23 1. protagonist (n.) - the main or leading character in a literary work; the central character</p> <p>11/24 2. protocol (n.) - a code of correct procedures or etiquette; code of behavior</p> <p>11/25 3. protoplasm (n.) - a jellylike substance making up the living part of a cell</p> <p>*holiday 4. prototype (n.) - the first model on which future versions are formed; first of its kind</p> <p>*holiday 5. protozoan (n.) - an animal of the lowest, or first, division; an amoeba for example</p>	
Week 3	<i>FID, FI - trust</i>	Week 7	<i>QUIES, QUI - rest, quiet</i>
<p>11/2 1. affidavit (n.) - an official written and sworn statement</p> <p>11/3 2. confidant (n.) - one to whom secrets are told; a best friend</p> <p>11/4 3. defiant (adj.) - resisting or not trusting authority; rebellious</p> <p>11/5 4. fidelity (n.) - the quality of being faithful or loyal</p> <p>11/6 5. infidel (n.) - one who opposes belief in a particular religion or custom; unbeliever</p>		<p>11/30 1. acquiesce (v.) - to passively accept or submit to something or someone; to comply or to give in to</p> <p>12/1 2. acquit (v.) - to completely release from accusation or obligation; to find not guilty</p> <p>12/2 3. quietude (n.) - a still or quiet state; tranquility</p> <p>12/3 4. requiem (n.) - a solemn mass or musical service for the dead; a funeral song</p> <p>12/4 5. unrequited (adj.) - not reciprocated or returned in kind; unreturned</p>	
Week 4	<i>WORDS FROM GREEK HISTORY</i>	Week 8	<i>ROG - ask, propose, demand</i>
<p>11/9 1. draconian (adj.) - relating to Draco (Greek lawmaker) who supposedly had laws written in blood rather than ink; severe or cruel</p> <p>11/10 2. narcissism (n.) - comes from a youth in Greek mythology, Narcissus, who fell in love with his own reflection; extreme self-centeredness</p> <p>*holiday 3. platonic (adj.) - involving a close relationship in which romance is absent; nonphysical</p> <p>11/12 4. spartan (adj.) - marked by simple or scarce conditions; bare/frugal/simple</p> <p>11/13 5. stoic (adj.) - not showing feelings, especially of pain; indifferent</p>		<p>12/7 1. arrogant (adj.) - acting with superiority in an overbearing manner; conceited</p> <p>12/8 2. derogatory (adj.) - putting something or someone down; insulting</p> <p>12/9 3. interrogate (v.) - to systematically question someone; to question intensely</p> <p>12/10 4. prerogative (n.) - a special right or power given to an individual, group or nation; privilege</p> <p>12/11 5. surrogate (n.) - someone who acts in the place of another; a substitute</p>	